

- ☐ Dentures, hearing aids.
- ☐ Braces, crutches, wheelchairs, and similar devices.
- ☐ Drug or alcohol abuse treatment.
- ☐ Prescription drugs or programs to stop smoking.
- ☐ Medical expenses of a parent for whom you provide over 50 percent support.
- ☐ Cost of nursing home where medical treatment is principal reason for stay.
- ☐ Contributions to a health savings account (HSA).

Other deductions

- ☐ Additional standard deduction if blind, or age 65 or older.
- ☐ Personal property taxes.
- ☐ Casualty losses in a federally-declared natural disaster area.
- ☐ Gambling losses to extent of winnings.
- ☐ Foreign taxes paid.
- ☐ Excess deductions from prior years (examples: capital losses, excess investment interest, or suspended *passive* losses).

TAXGUIDE

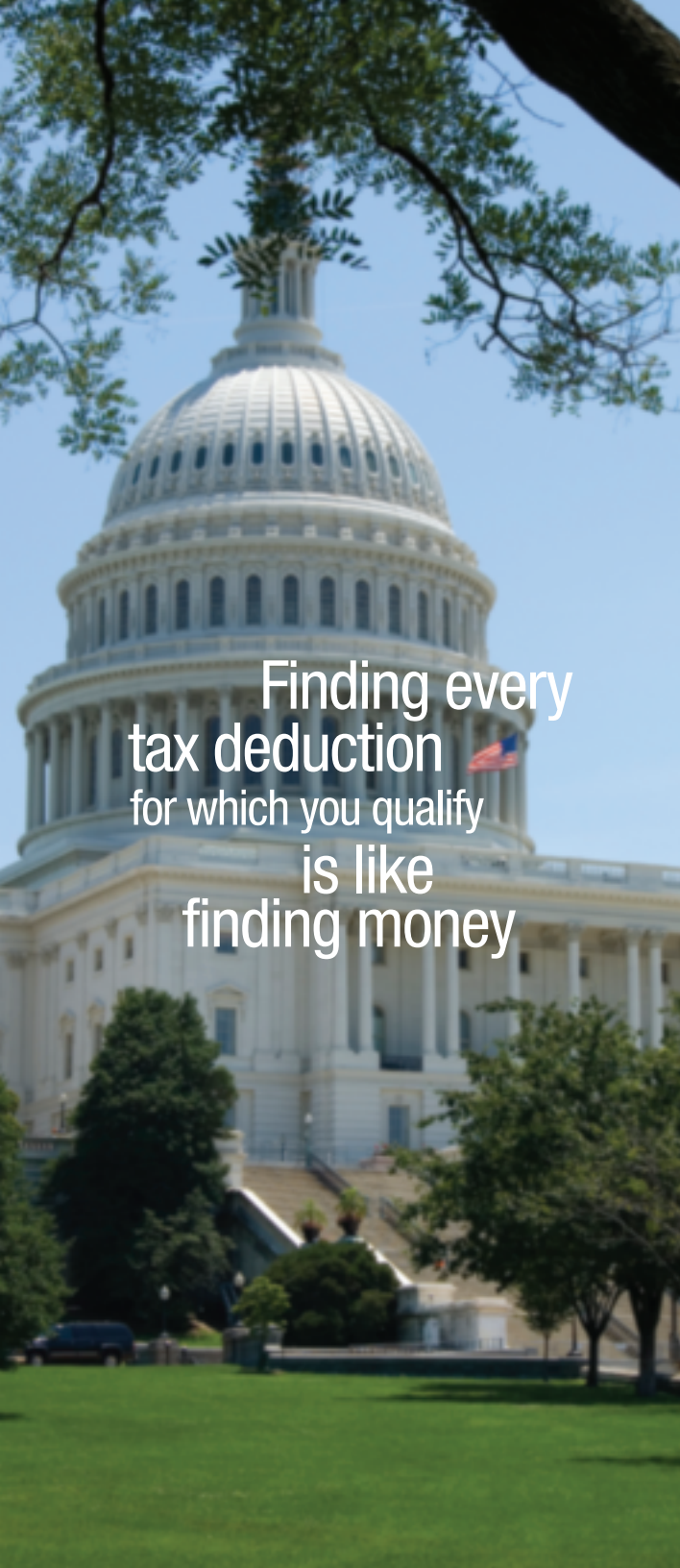
a deduction checklist



The information in this brochure is of a general nature and should not be acted upon without further details and/or professional guidance. For assistance in identifying and utilizing all the tax deductions to which you're entitled, please contact us.

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Finding every tax deduction for which you qualify is like finding money

Tax deductions generally come in two categories – those you can take only if you itemize on Schedule A and those you can take even if you don't itemize (you use the standard deduction instead).

To make the most of your deductions every year, start by reviewing your prior year's tax return. Identify each write-off and determine whether you're entitled to the same type of deduction for the current year.

Also, review your activities during the year, since out-of-the-ordinary events sometimes trigger tax deductions. For example, you may be entitled to additional write-offs if you bought or sold a home, refinanced a mortgage, or suffered a casualty loss in a federally-declared disaster area during the year.

Protect your deductions by keeping the documentation you need to support them. If you do not have adequate substantiation for a tax deduction, you may lose the deduction and pay more tax as a result.

Use this checklist as a starting point to find deductions that could cut your tax bill.

Your home

- ☐ Mortgage interest.
- ☐ Real estate taxes.
- ☐ Points paid by you on a new home loan.
- ☐ Points paid by seller on your behalf.
- ☐ Points paid on refinancing (pro rata over life of loan).
- ☐ Remaining undeducted points on refinancing when you refinance again or pay off the loan.
- ☐ Home office expenses, if self-employed and you meet qualifications.
- ☐ Home improvements done for medical reasons, to the extent home value isn't increased.

Your work

- ☐ 50 percent of self-employment tax.
- ☐ Health insurance premiums, if self-employed.

Your investments

- ☐ Travel to manage investment property.
- ☐ Capital losses.
- ☐ Loss for worthless investments.
- ☐ Suspended passive losses.
- ☐ Interest expense (limited).
- ☐ Penalty for early withdrawal of savings.
- ☐ Contribution to traditional IRA.
- ☐ Contribution to SEP, SIMPLE, or 401(k) plan.
- ☐ Amortization of premiums on taxable bonds.

Your family

- ☐ Special schools for a handicapped child.
- ☐ Student loan interest.
- ☐ Alimony paid (for agreements made before 2019).

Charitable giving

- ☐ Cash contributions.
- ☐ Fair market value of property contributed (vehicles limited to actual selling price).
- ☐ Actual expense or mileage rate for driving in charitable work.
- ☐ Out-of-pocket expenses of charitable work.

Medical expenses

- ☐ Health insurance premiums.
- ☐ Unreimbursed health care expenses.
- ☐ Lodging and mileage on trips for medical care.
- ☐ Eyeglasses and contact lenses.
- ☐ Chiropractic treatments.
- ☐ Prescribed weight-loss programs.